

# Zero Degree Calorimeter at the LHC

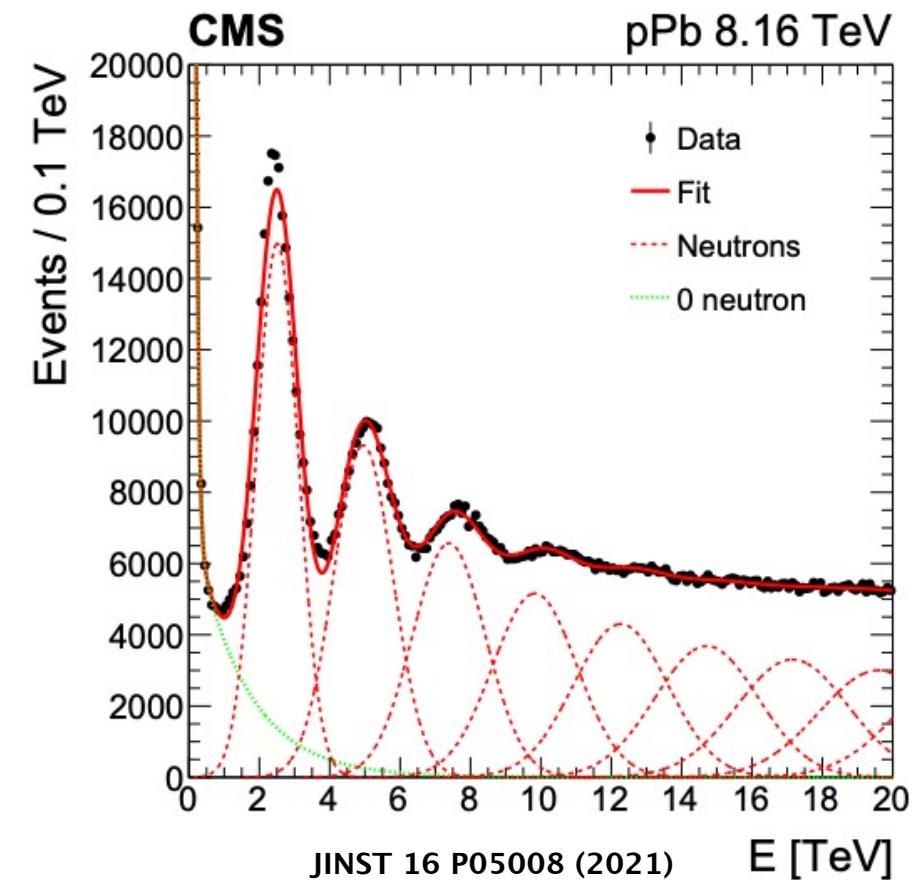
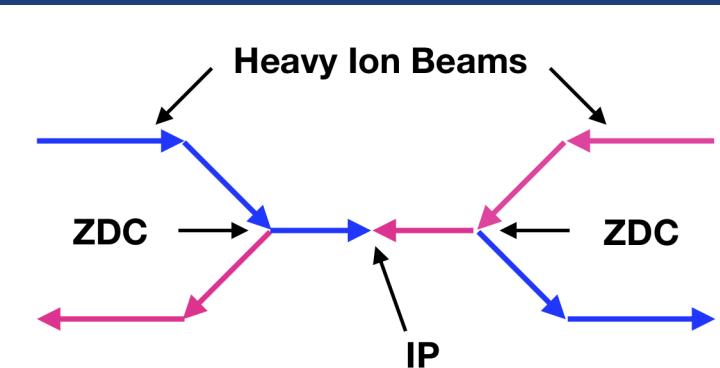
Quan Wang  
(Univ. of Kansas)

# Outline

- ZDC in Heavy Ion Collisions at the LHC
- Current ZDC design and performance at the LHC
- R&D for future ZDC at the LHC (HL-LHC)

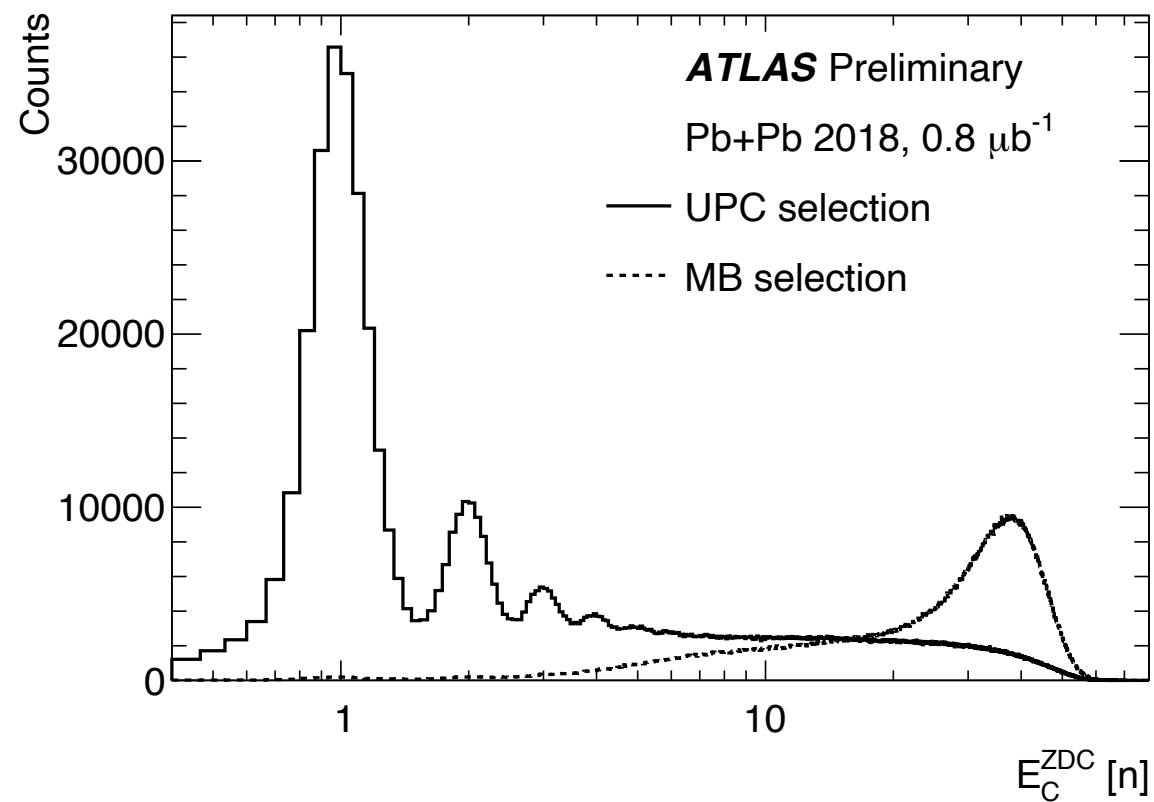
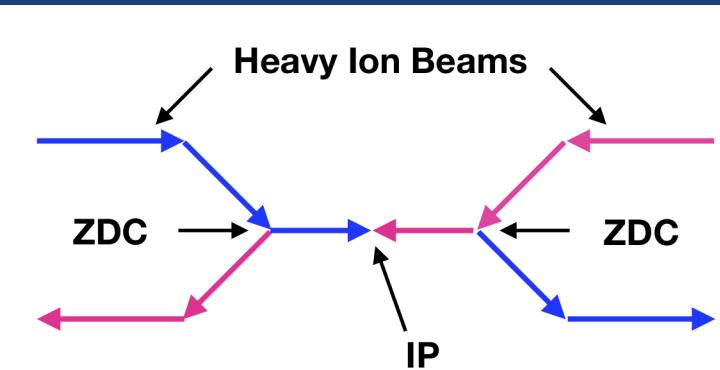
# ZDC in Heavy Ion Collisions

- ZDC measures neutral particle energy deposit in far forward direction
  - Photons and neutrons
  - $|\eta| > 8.3$  ( – Run3),  $|\eta| > 8.5$  (Run 4 – )
- Measuring spectator neutrons
  - Neutron multiplicity



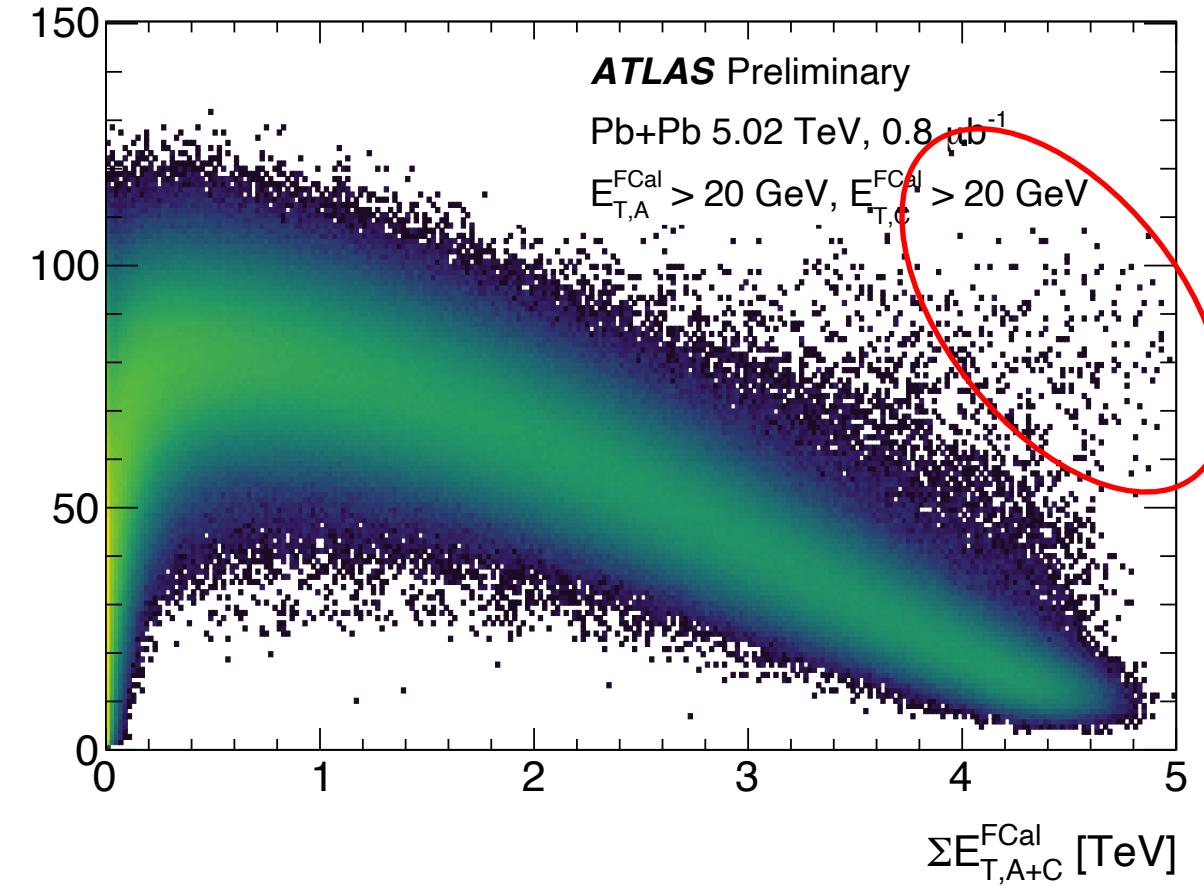
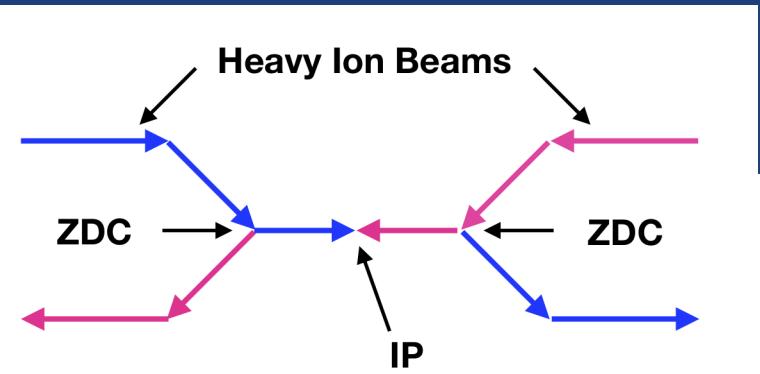
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- Event triggering – (non)hadronic
  - Ultra-Peripheral Collisions



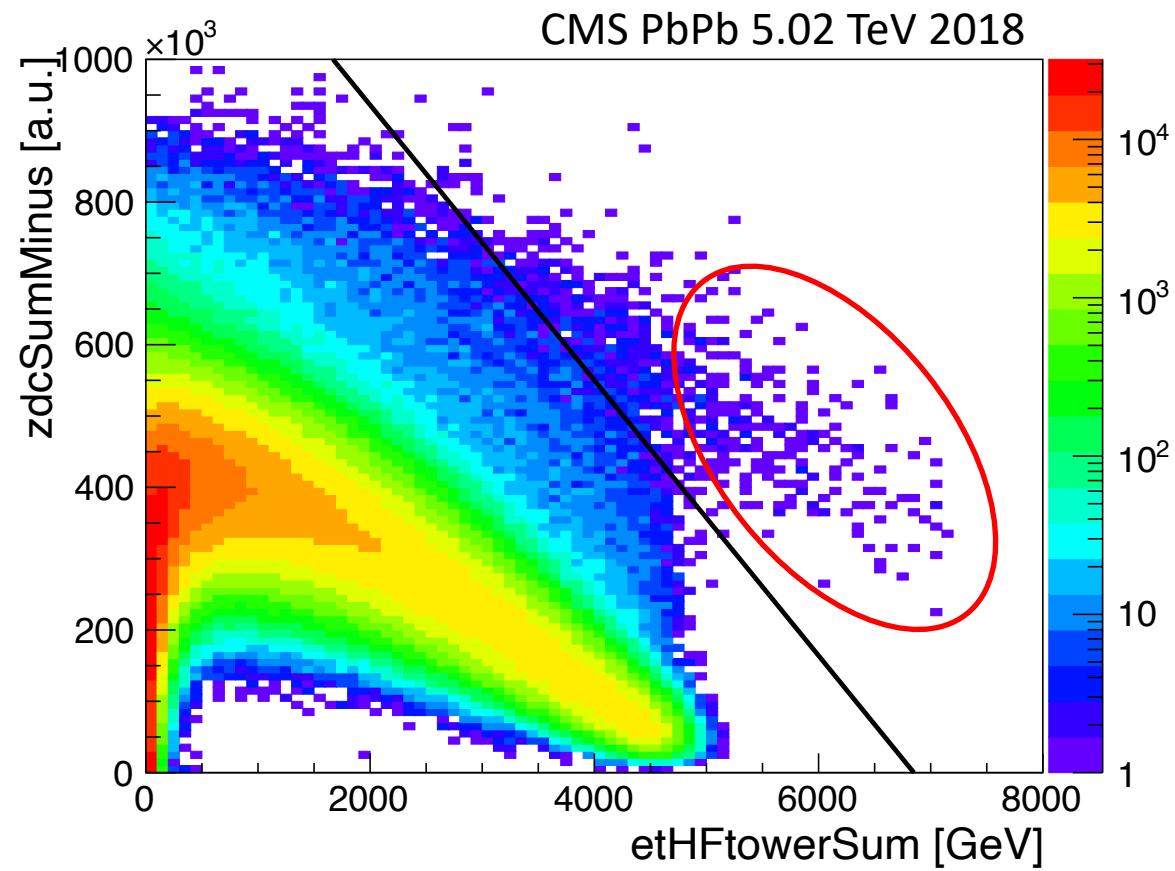
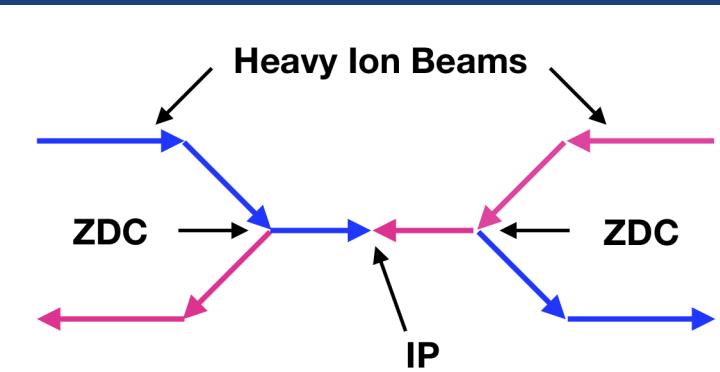
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- Pile-up rejection
  - Ultra-Central Collisions
- Impact parameter – Centrality



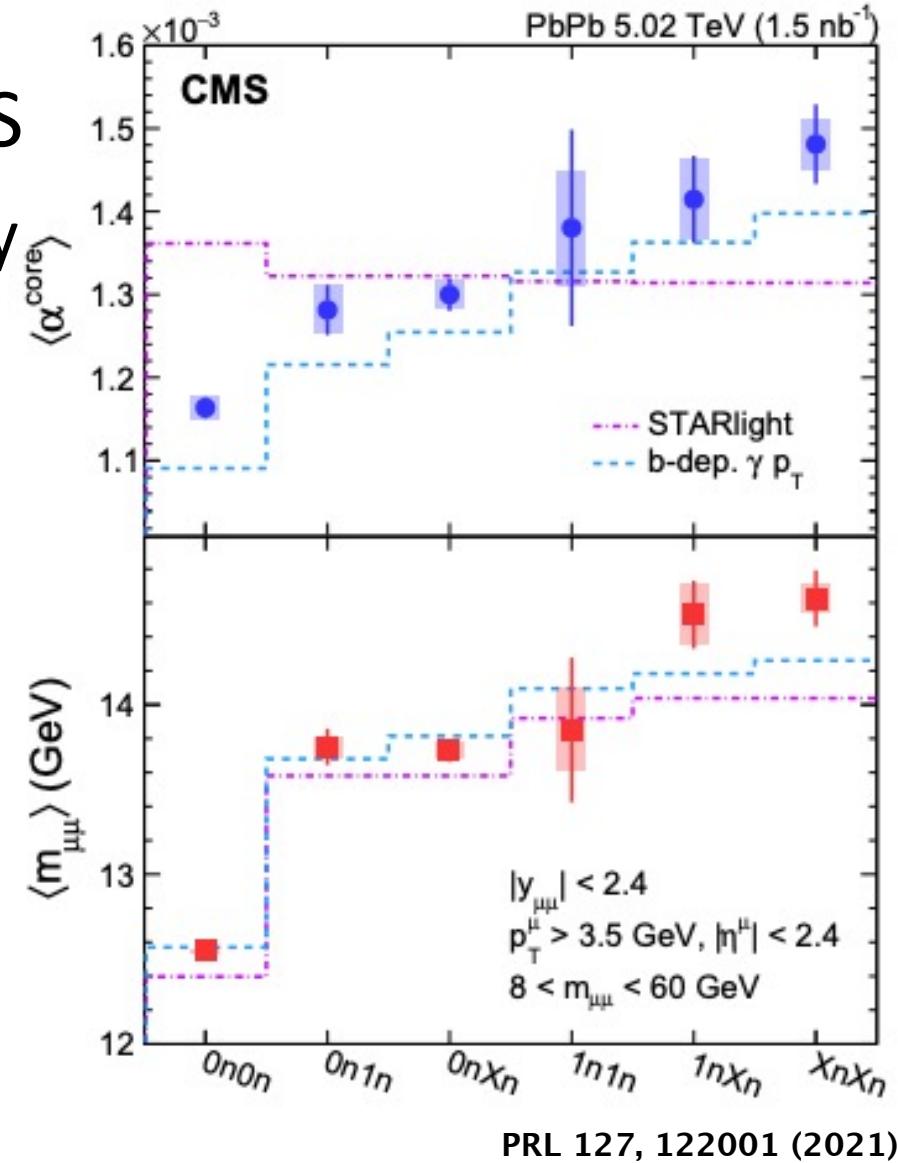
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# ZDC for LHC Physics

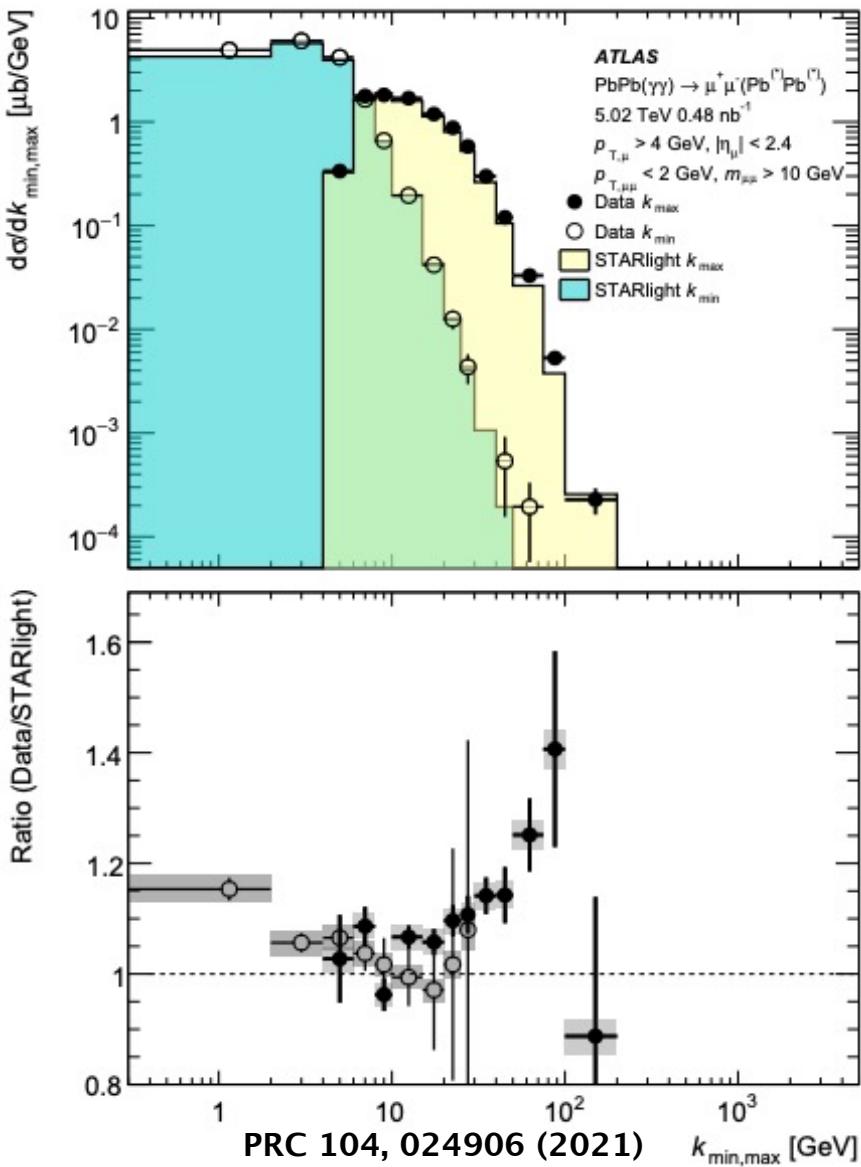
- Dimuon acoplanarity in  $\gamma\gamma$  UPC PbPb at CMS
  - $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ , as a function of neutron multiplicity
  - Acoplanarity:  $\alpha=1-|\phi^+-\phi^-|/\pi$



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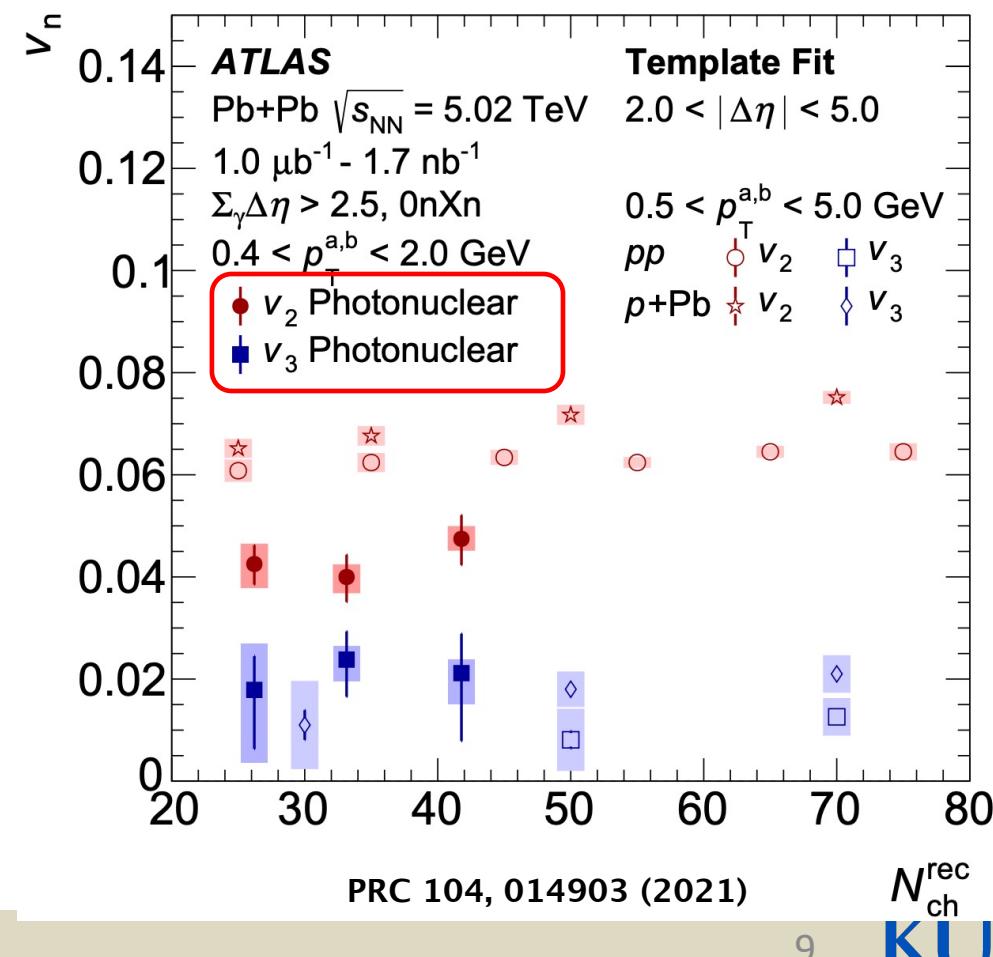
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- Dimuon Xsec in  $\gamma\gamma$  UPC PbPb at ATLAS
  - Xsec vs  $m_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $y_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $k$



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  - Xsec vs  $m_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $y_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $k$
- $V_n$  harmonics in  $\gamma$ Pb UPC PbPb at ATLAS



# ZDC for LHC Physics

## ➤ Dimuon acoplanarity in $\gamma\gamma$ UPC PbPb at CMS

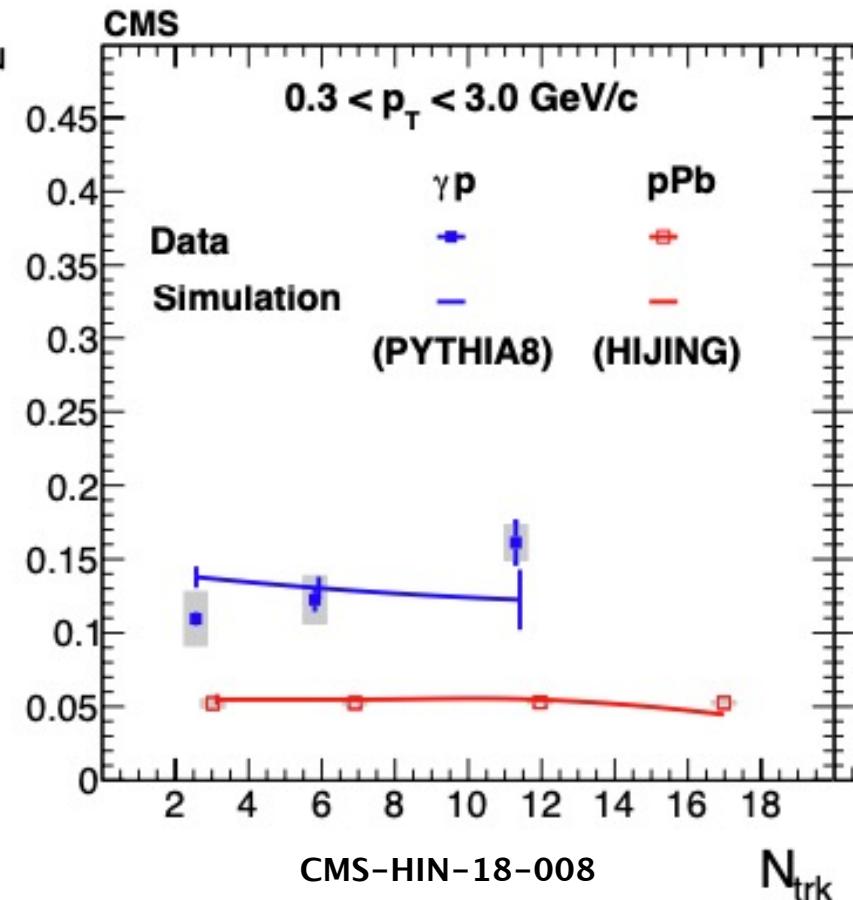
- $\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ , as a function of neutron multiplicity  $\geq 2$
- Acoplanarity:  $\alpha = 1 - |\phi^+ - \phi^-|/\pi$

## ➤ Dimuon Xsec in $\gamma\gamma$ UPC PbPb at ATLAS

- Xsec vs  $m_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $y_{\mu\mu}$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $k$

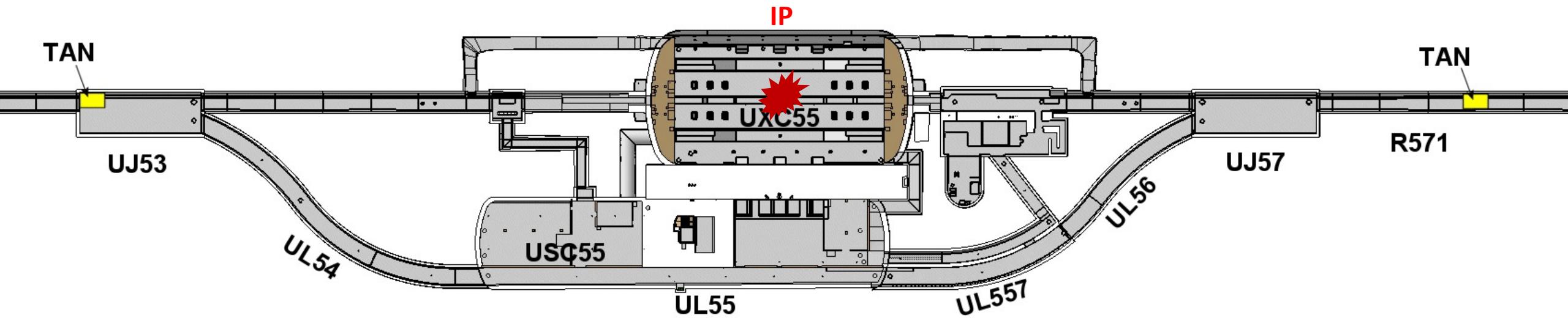
## ➤ $V_n$ harmonics in $\gamma P$ UPC PbPb at ATLAS

## ➤ $V_2$ harmonic in $\gamma p$ UPC pPb at CMS



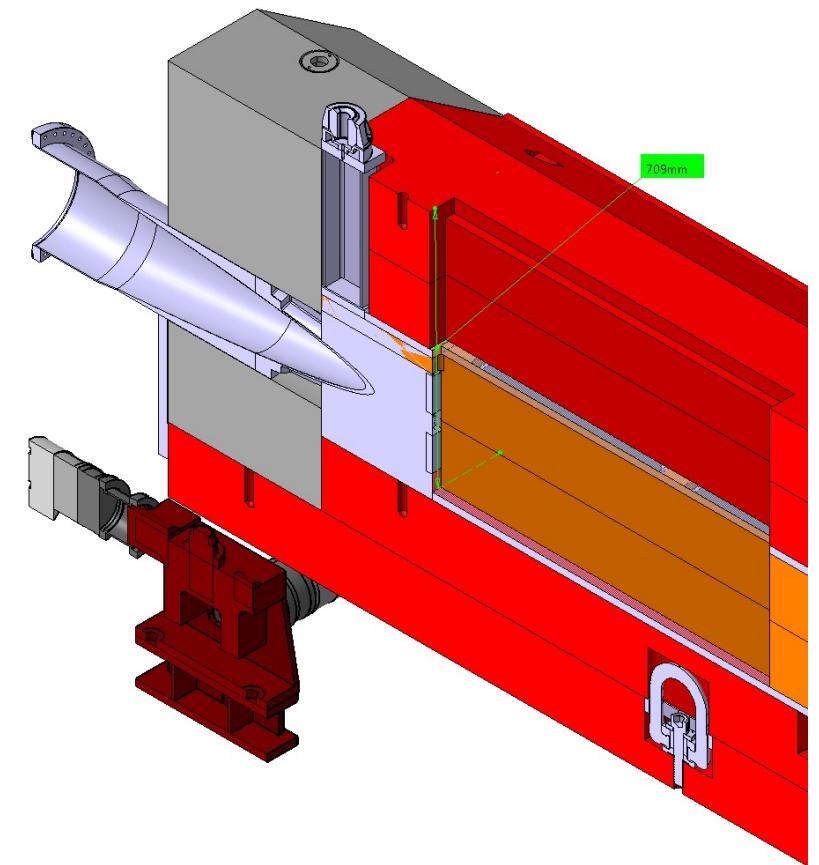
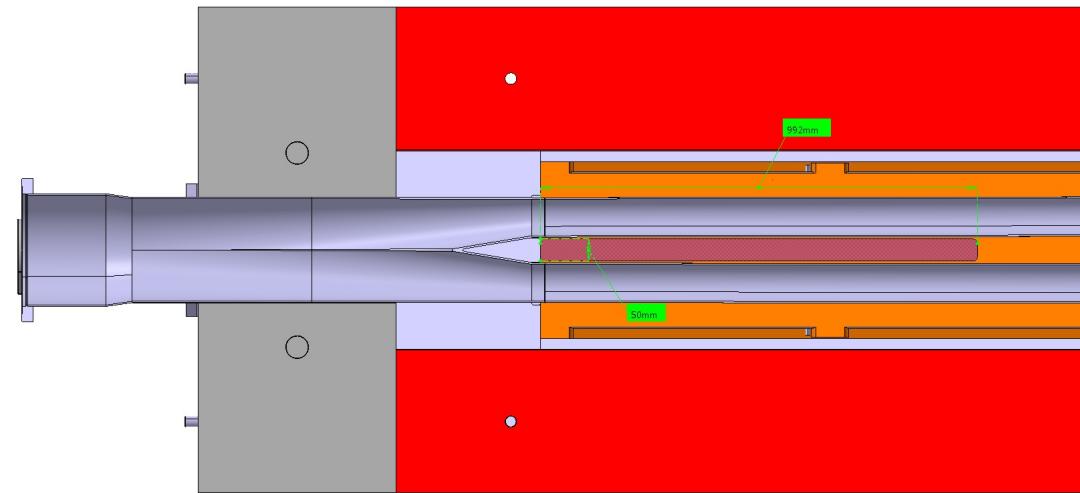
# ZDC Detector at LHC

- ZDC is 140m away from IP, inside TAN
- ZDC is installed only for Heavy Ion data taking



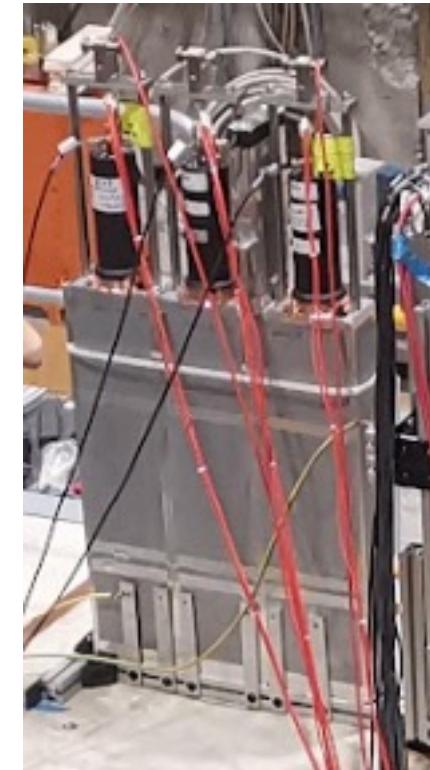
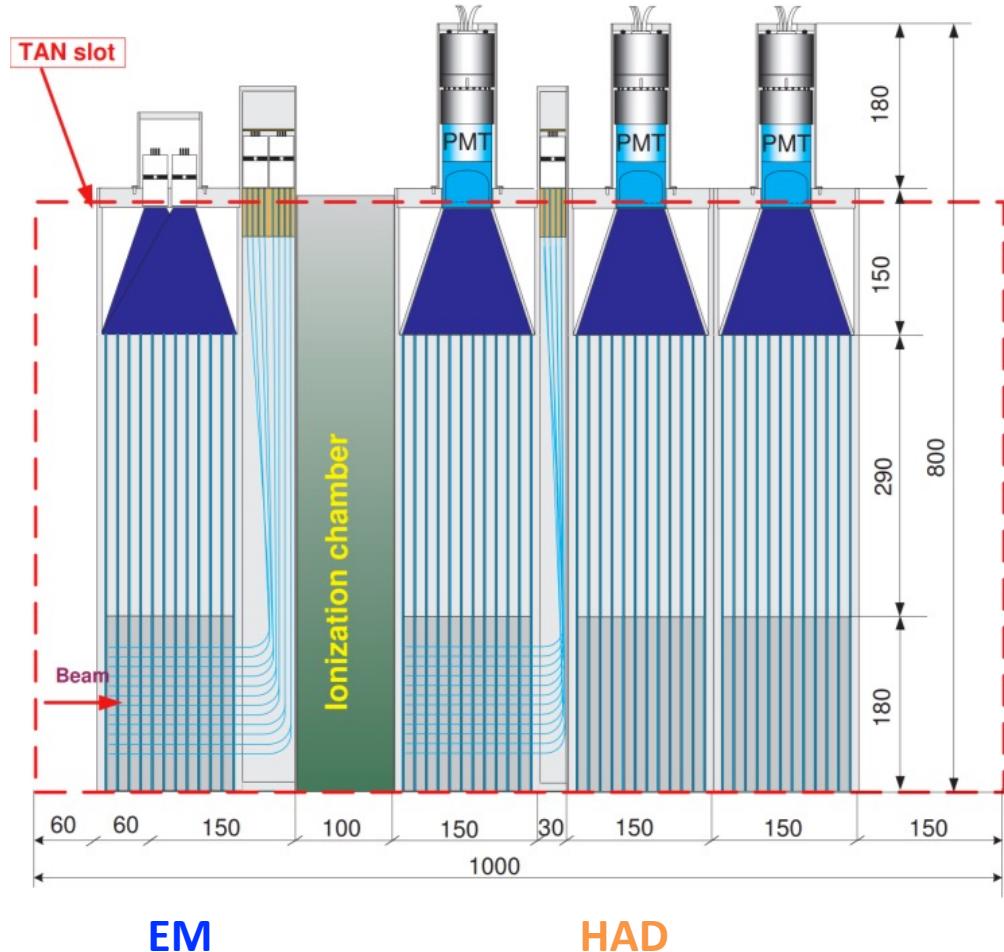
# ZDC Detector at LHC

- ZDC is 140m away from IP, inside TAN
- ZDC is installed only for Heavy Ion data taking
- HL-LHC Run 4 (2029–)
  - ❑ 127m away from IP
  - ❑ Limited space at TAN (TAXN)



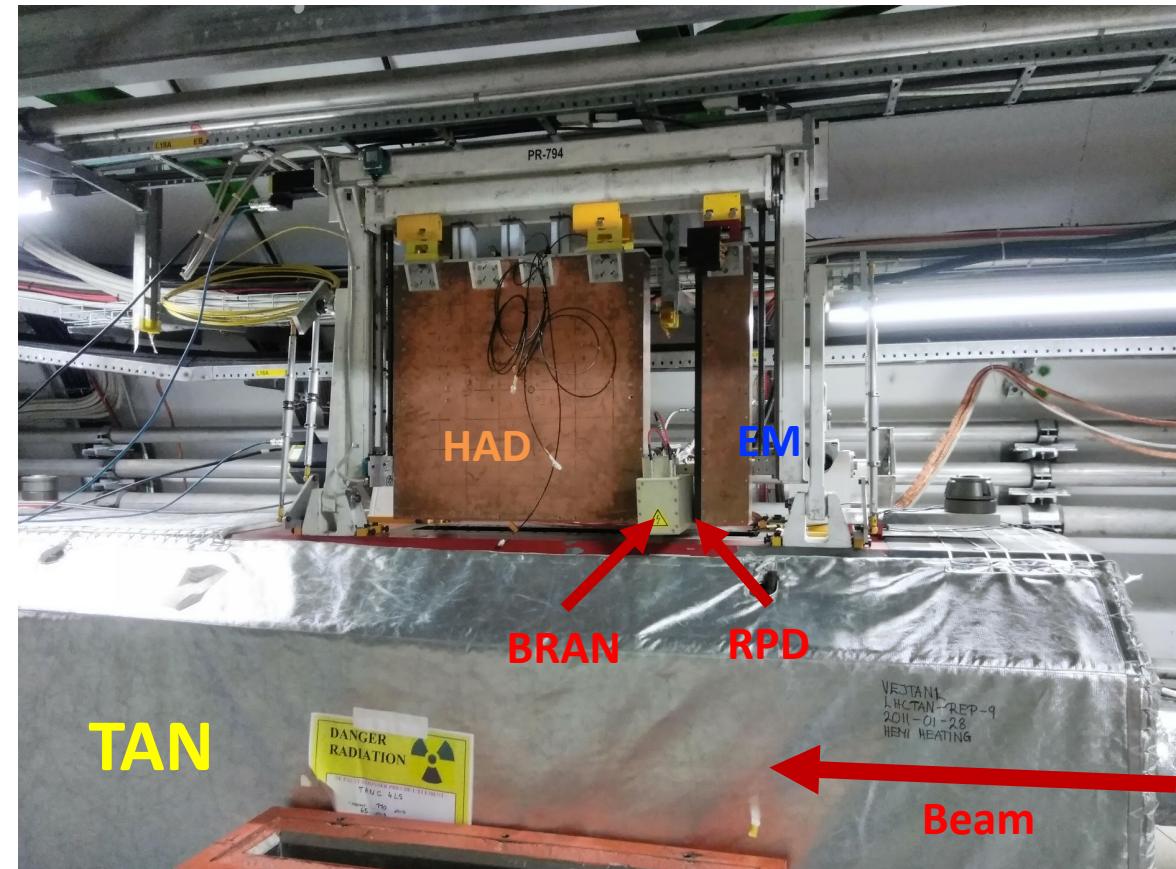
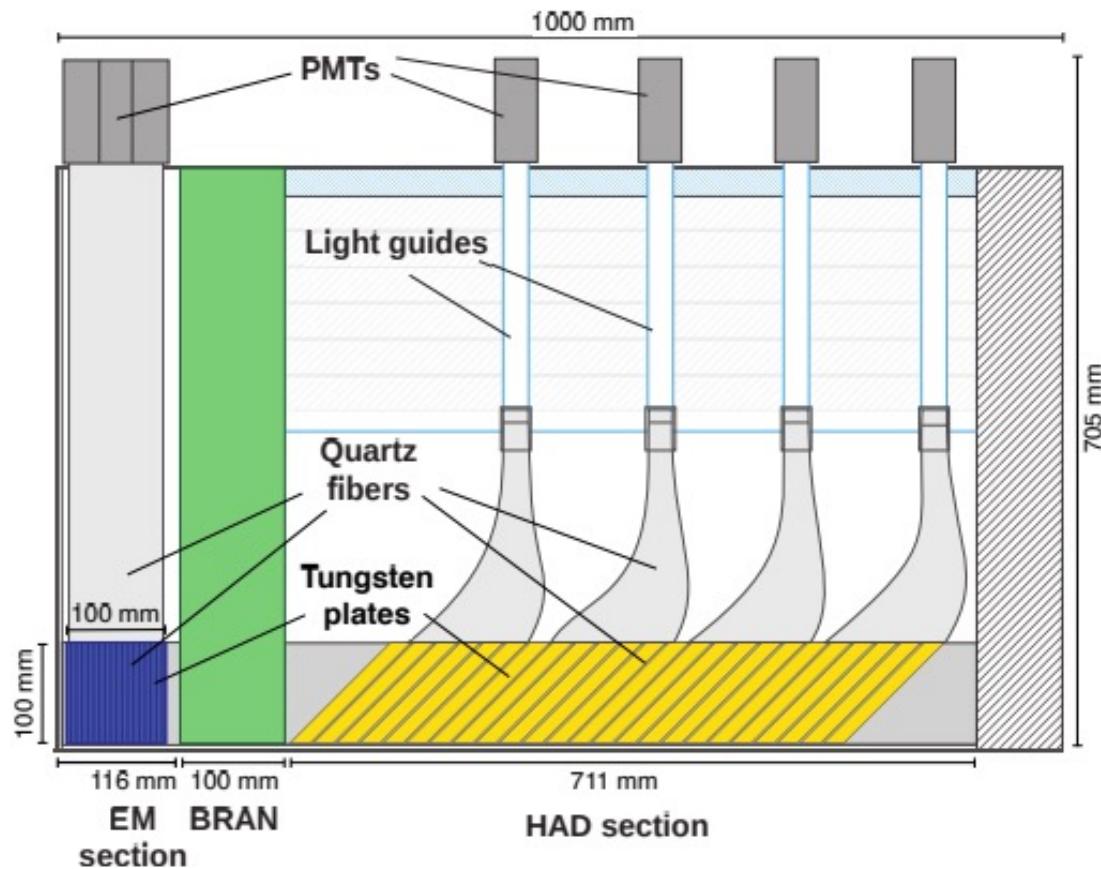
# ZDC at ATLAS

## ➤ EM, HAD sections



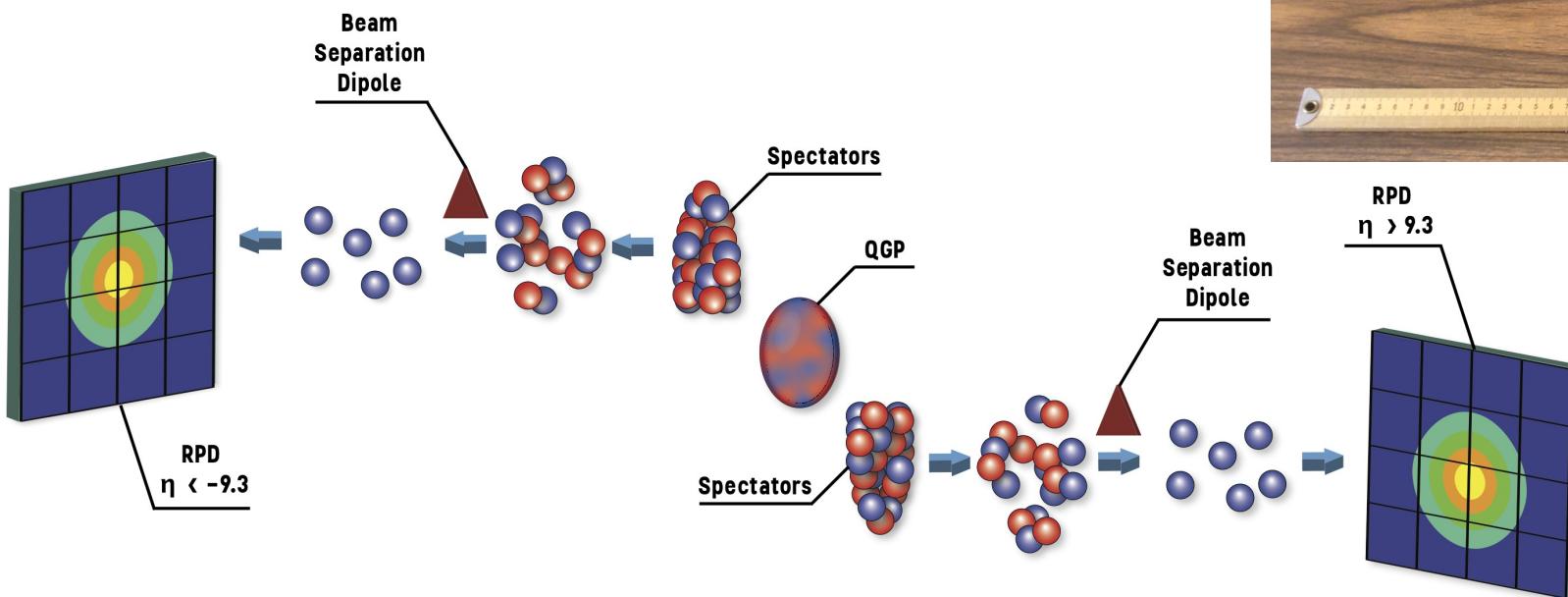
# ZDC at CMS

- ZDC consists of **EM**, **RPD** and **HAD** sections
- **RPD**, reaction plane detector



# ZDC at CMS

- ZDC consists of **EM**, **RPD** and **HAD** sections
- **RPD**, reaction plane detector



# ZDC Key Design Criteria

- Large dynamic range <1n, to ~100n
  - Clean separation between 0 and  $\geq 1n$  [diffractive vs hadronic]
  - Good  $\gamma/n$  separation
  - Provide trigger decisions
- 1n peak crucial for energy calibration
  - Beam energy neutron
- Measure spectator event plane angle
  - Neutron orientation

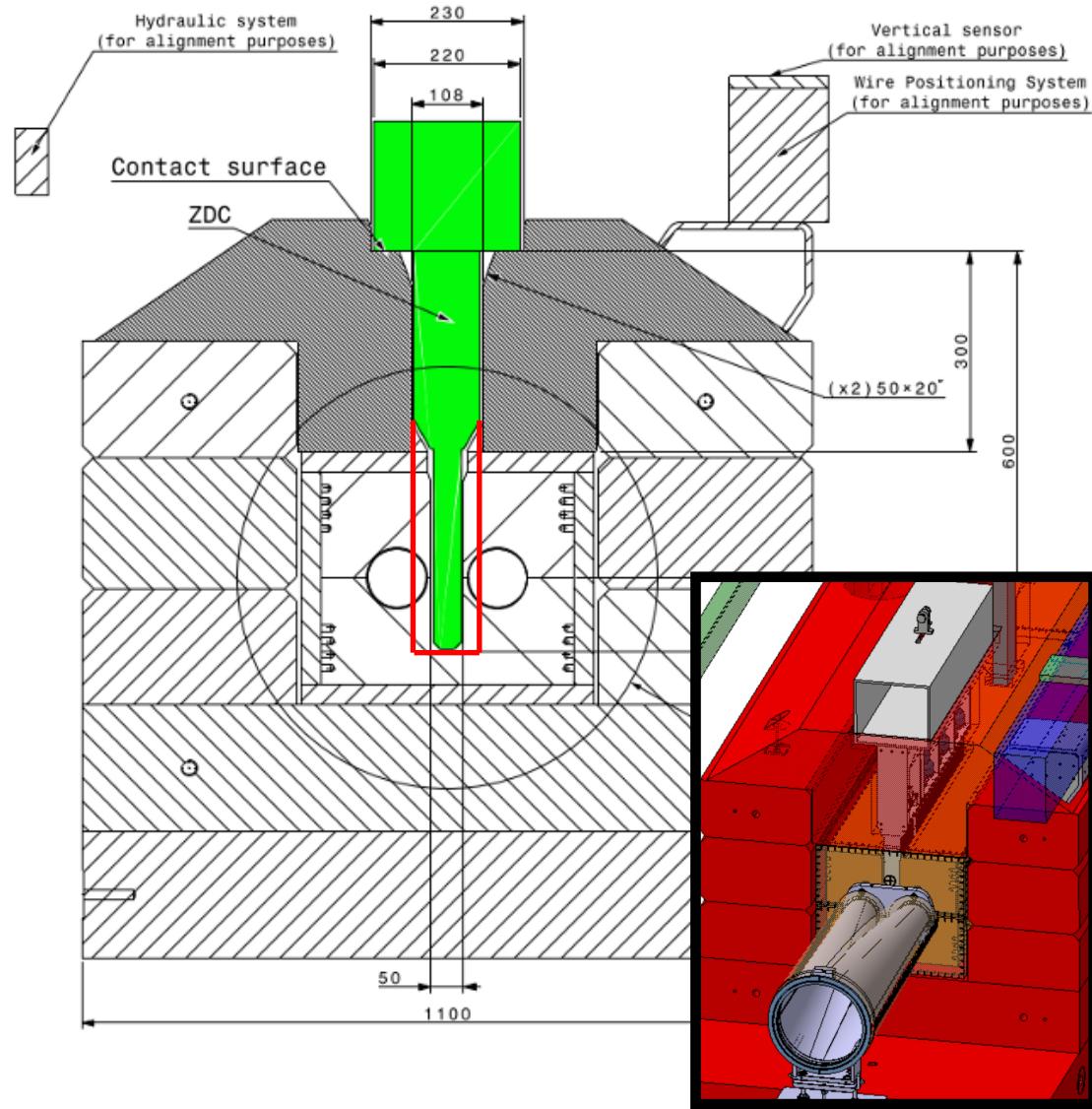
# ZDC Key Design Criteria at HL-LHC

## ➤ Performance requirement

- Highly radiation hard
- Stable over Run 4

## ➤ Operation requirement

- Compatible with TAXN  
New beam optics (92mm→46mm)
- Easy installation/cabling (RP)



# ZDC Key Design Criteria at HL-LHC

## ➤ Performance requirement

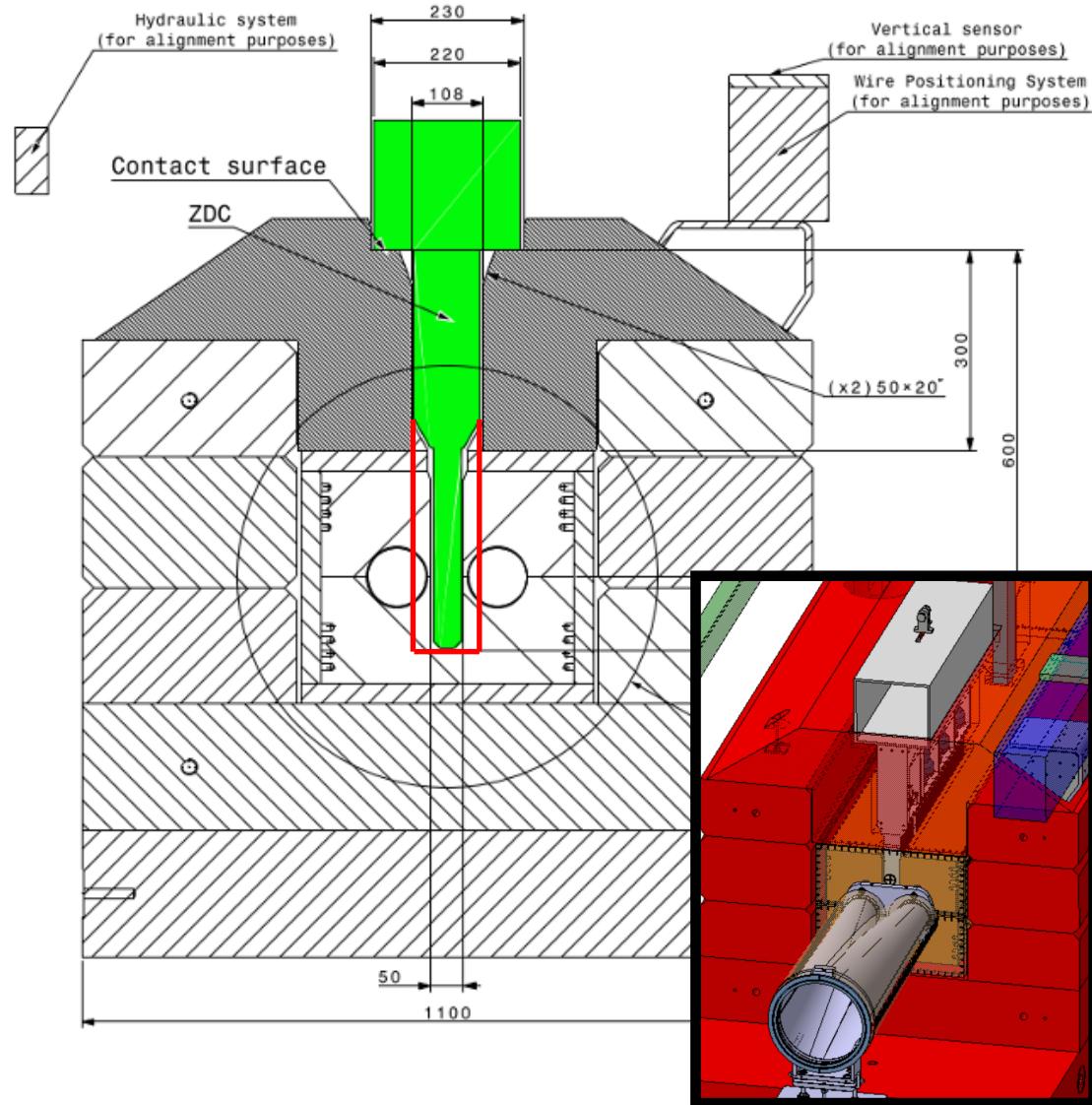
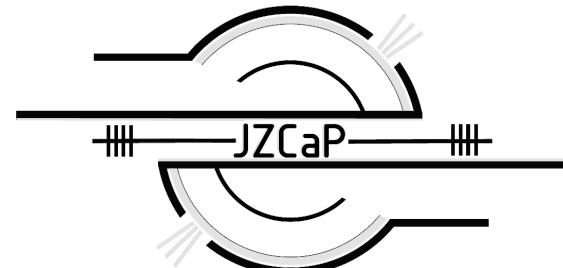
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New beam optics ( $92\text{mm} \rightarrow 46\text{mm}$ )
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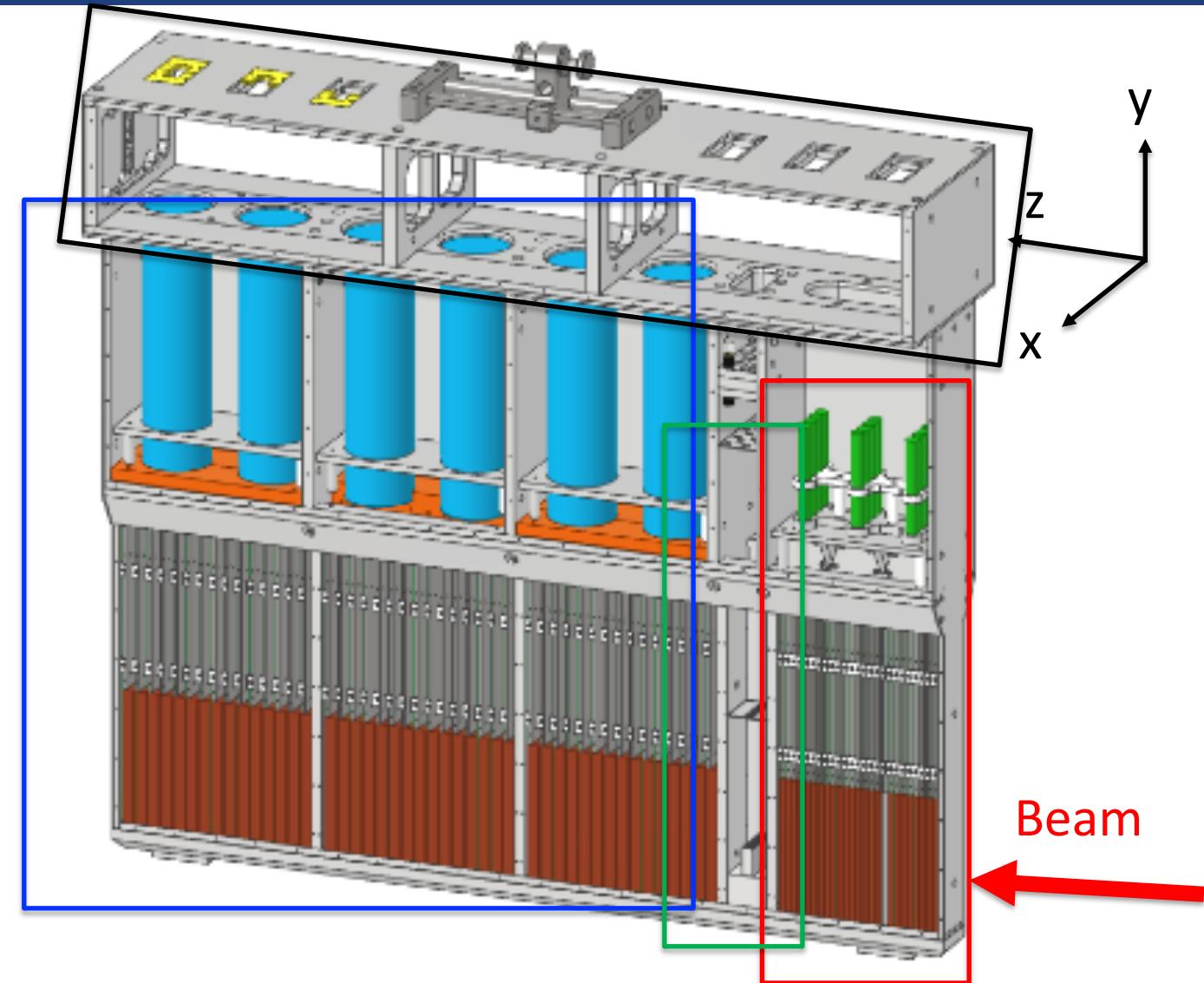
## ➤ Joint Zero degree Calorimeter Project

- ATLAS and CMS



# Zero Degree Calorimeter for HL-LHC

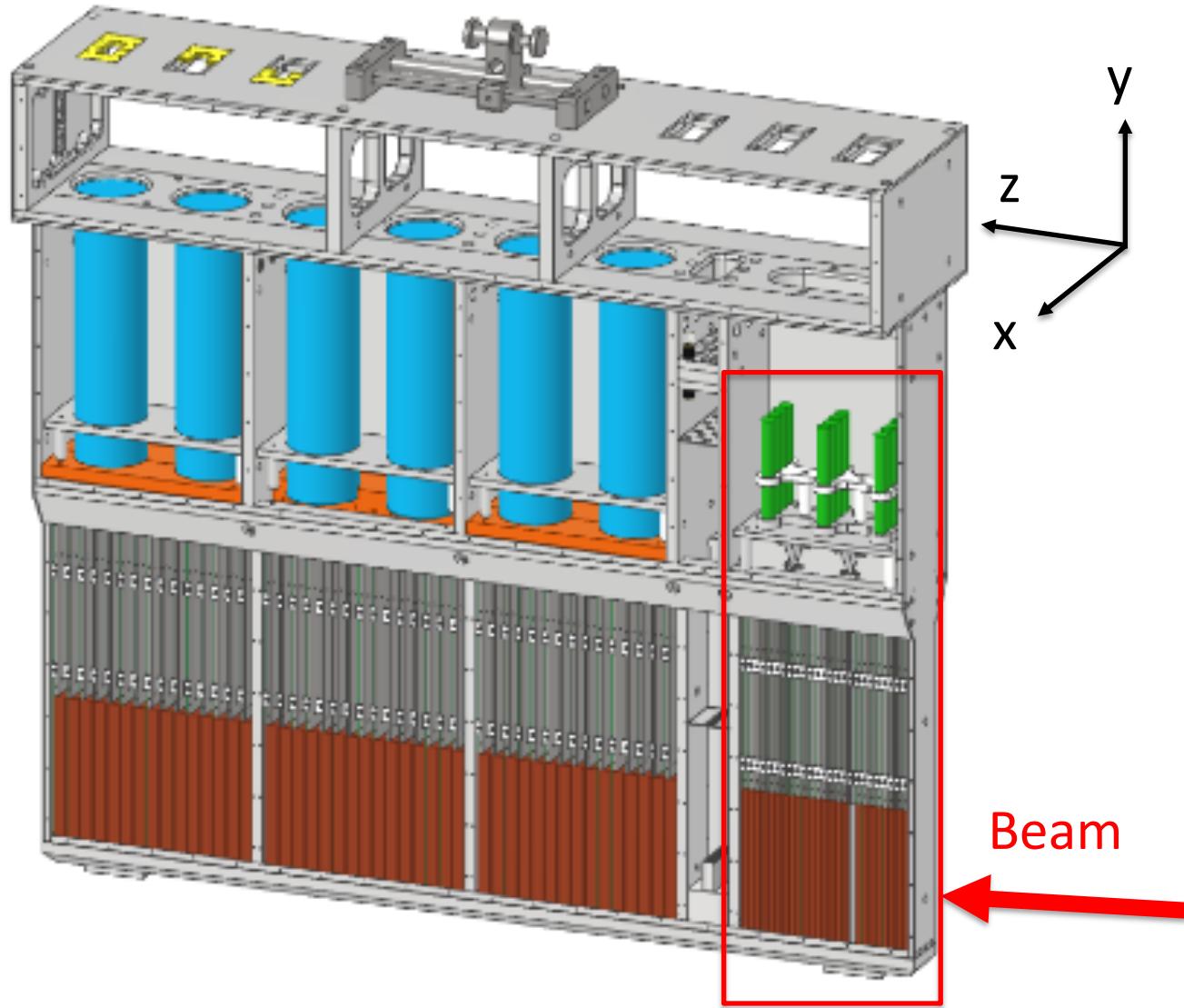
- Detector design
  - Electromagnetic [EM] section
  - Hadronic [HAD] section
  - Reaction Plane Detector[RPD]
- Operation requirement
  - Single piece structure
  - Easy access patch panels
- Specs
  - 46mm X 766mm
  - 120-125 kg
  - $5.5 \lambda_{int}$  of W



# Zero Degree Calorimeter for HL-LHC

## ➤ EM section

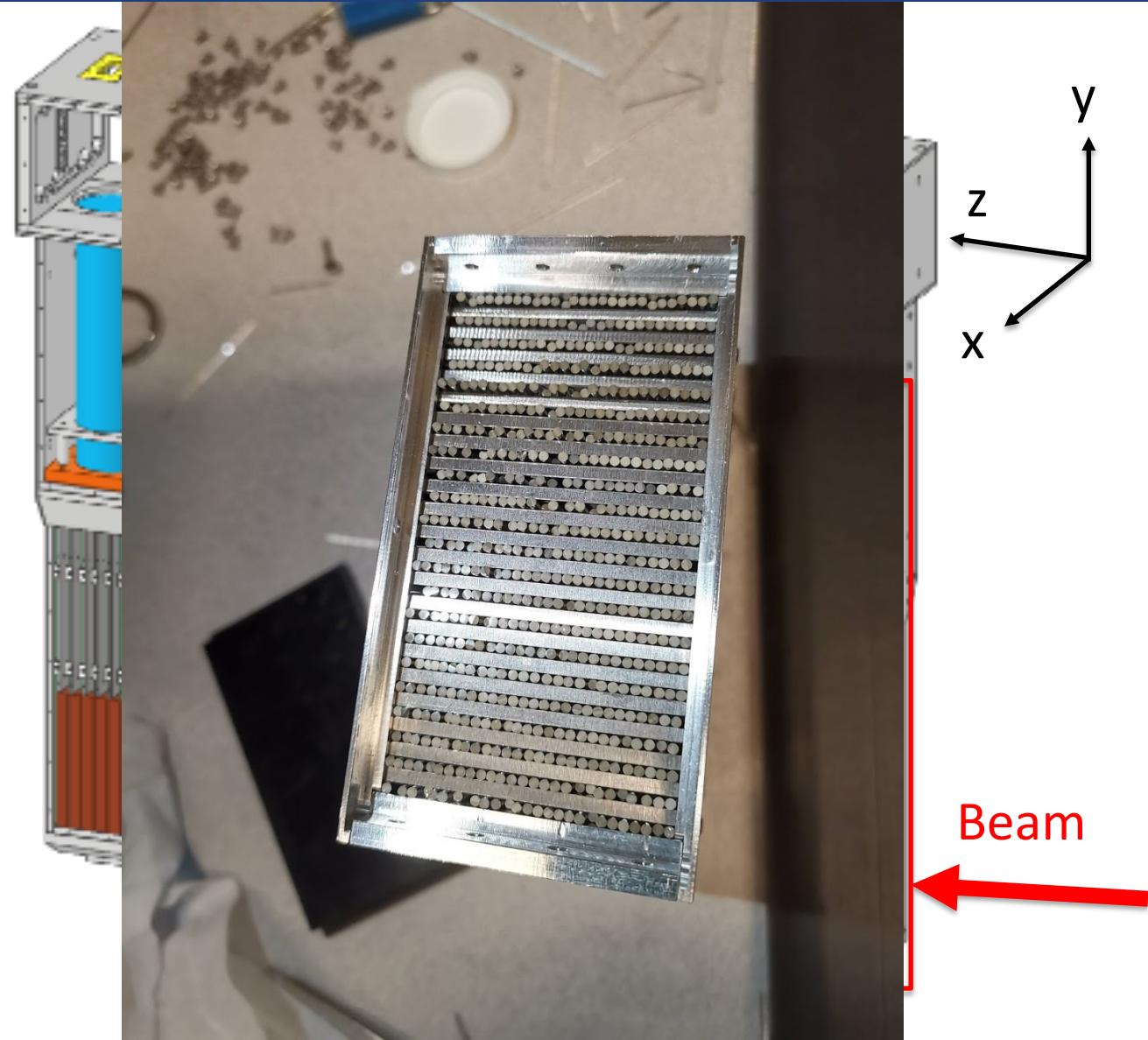
- ❑ 25 tungsten plates  
[42mm X 120mm X 4mm]
- ❑ 15 fused silica rods per layer  
[ $\phi 1.5\text{mm}$ ]
- ❑  $\sim 30 X_0$
- ❑ 4x3 [X-Z] segmentations
- ❑ Winston cone light-guide
- ❑ Hamamatsu R2496 [ $\phi 10\text{mm}$ ]
- ❑ Beam test in 2019/2021



# Zero Degree Calorimeter

## ➤ EM section

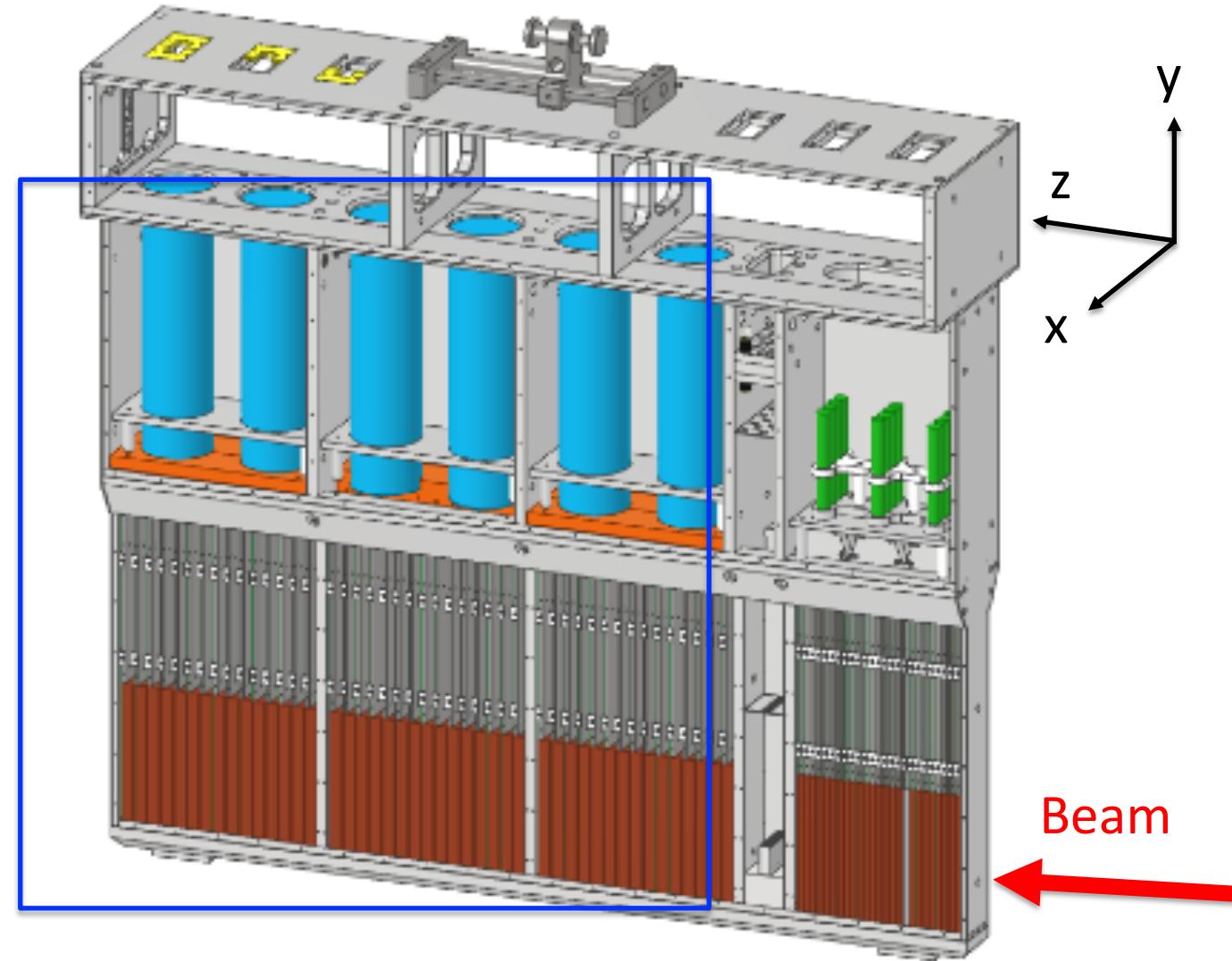
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# Zero Degree Calorimeter

## ➤ HAD section

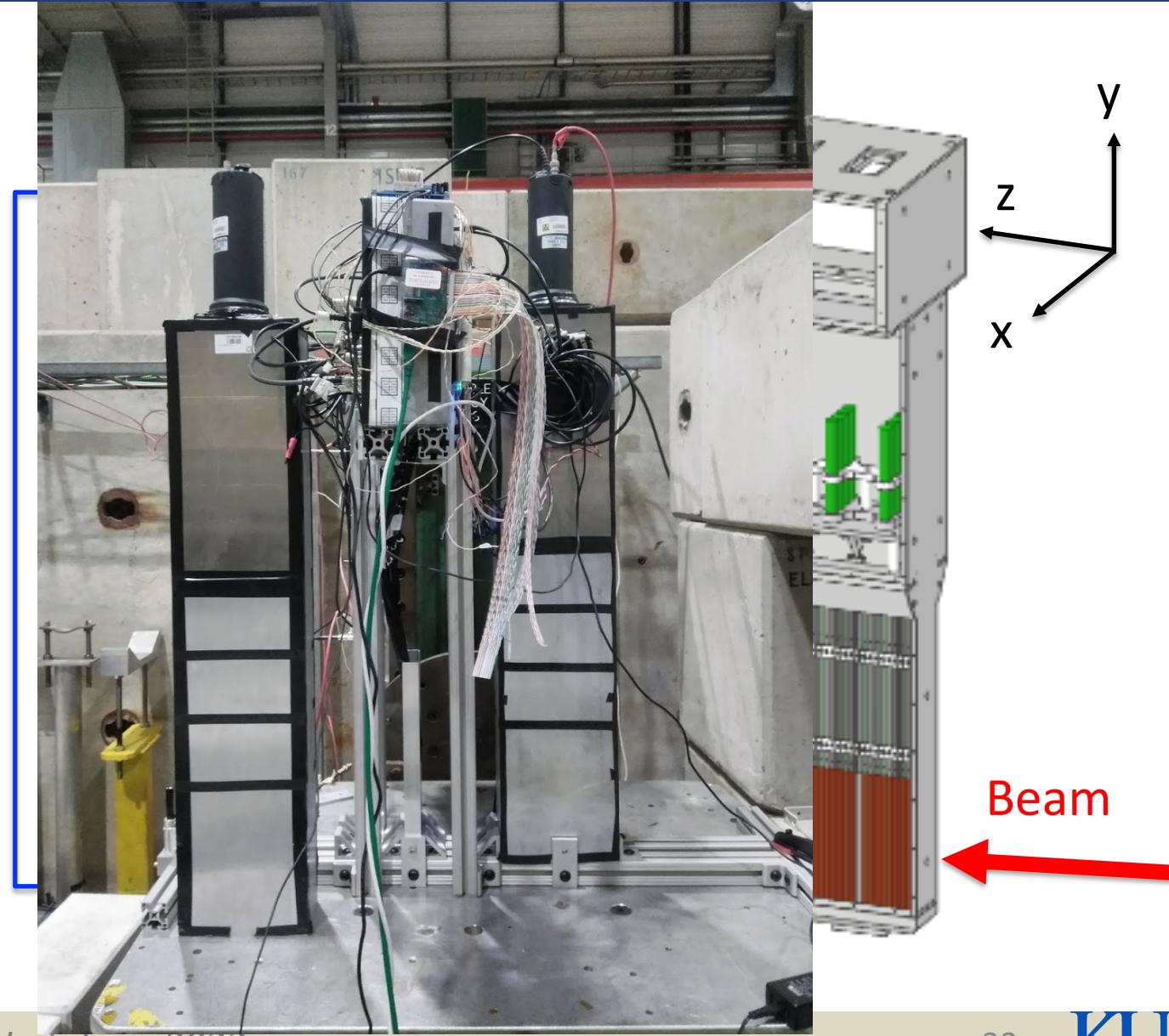
- ❑ 45 tungsten plates  
[42mm X 120mm X 10mm]
- ❑ 15 fused silica rods per layer  
[ $\phi 1.5\text{mm}$ ]
- ❑  $\sim 4.5 \lambda_{\text{int}}$
- ❑ 6 [Z] segmentations
- ❑ Trapezoidal light-guide
- ❑ Hamamatsu R2059 [ $\phi 51\text{mm}$ ]
- ❑ Beam test in 2018 at SPS



# Zero Degree Calorimeter

## ➤ HAD section

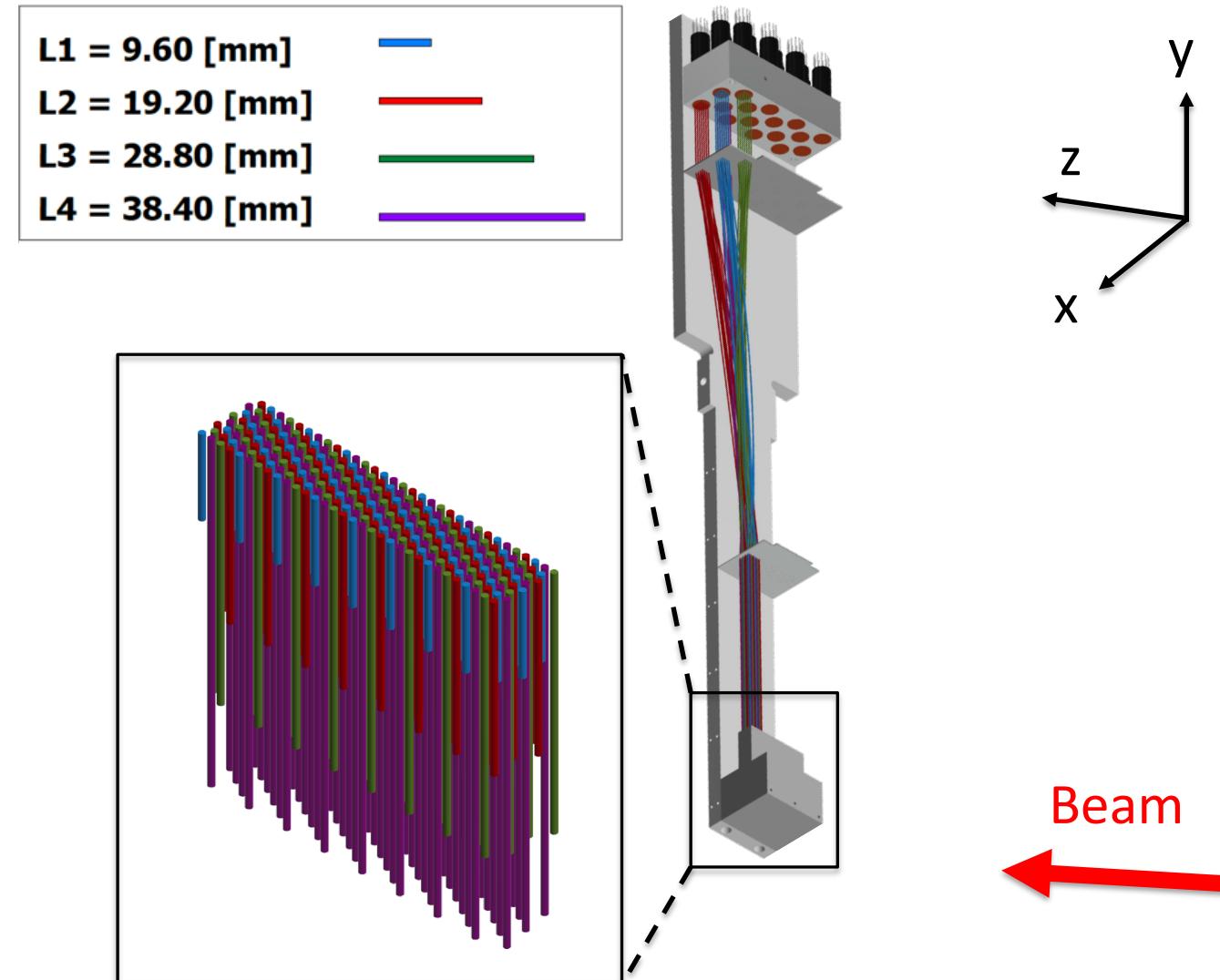
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# Zero Degree Calorimeter

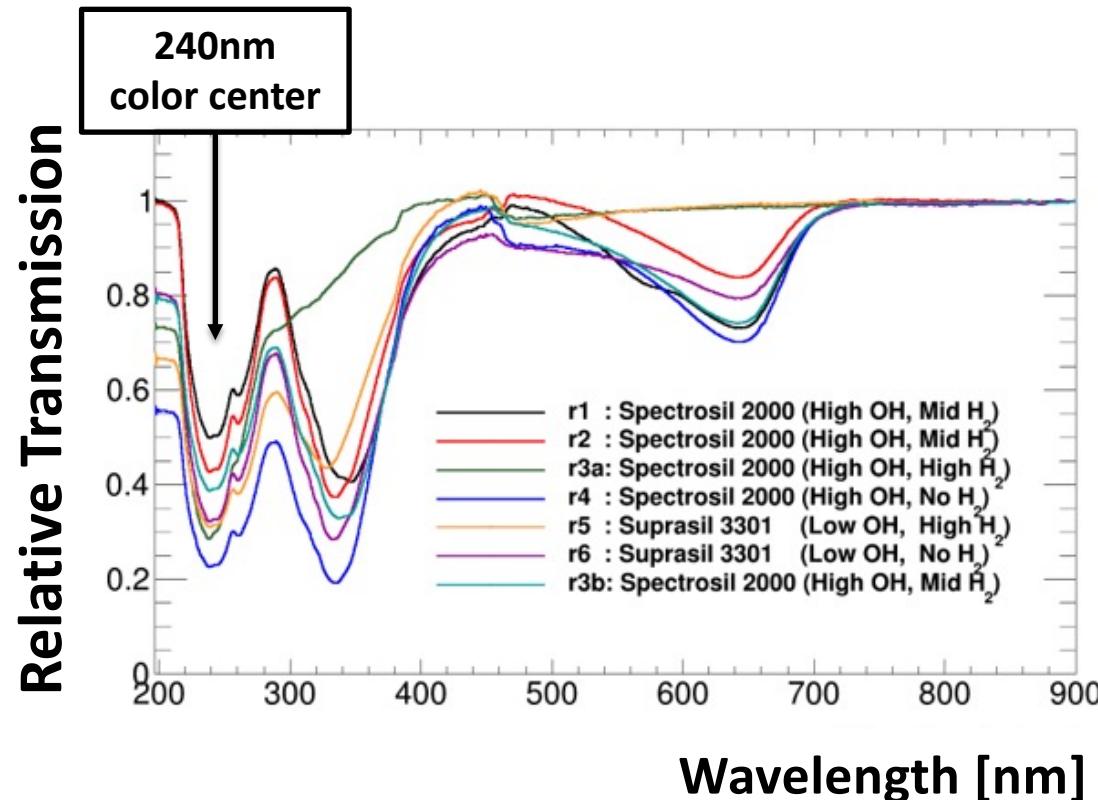
## ➤ RPD section

- “Pan flute” design
- Fused silica core and polyamide buffer
- 4X4 [X-Y] segmentations
- Machine learning algos
- Hamamatsu R2496 [ $\phi 10\text{mm}$ ]
- Beam test in 2021 at SPS



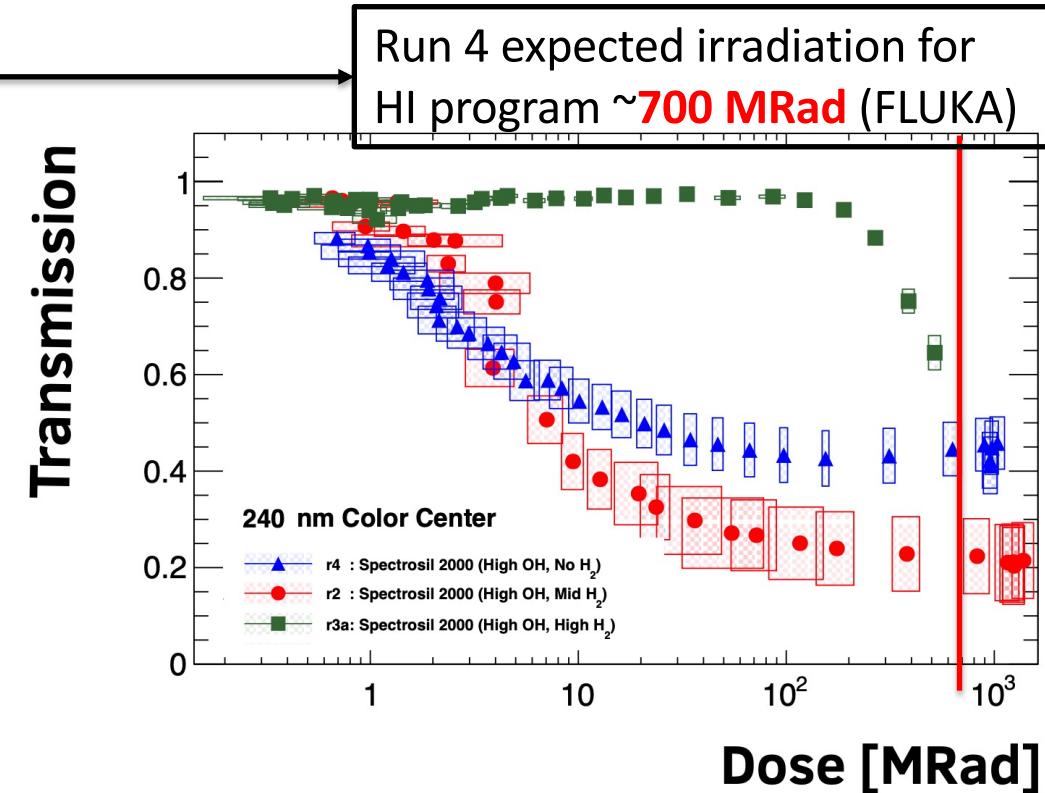
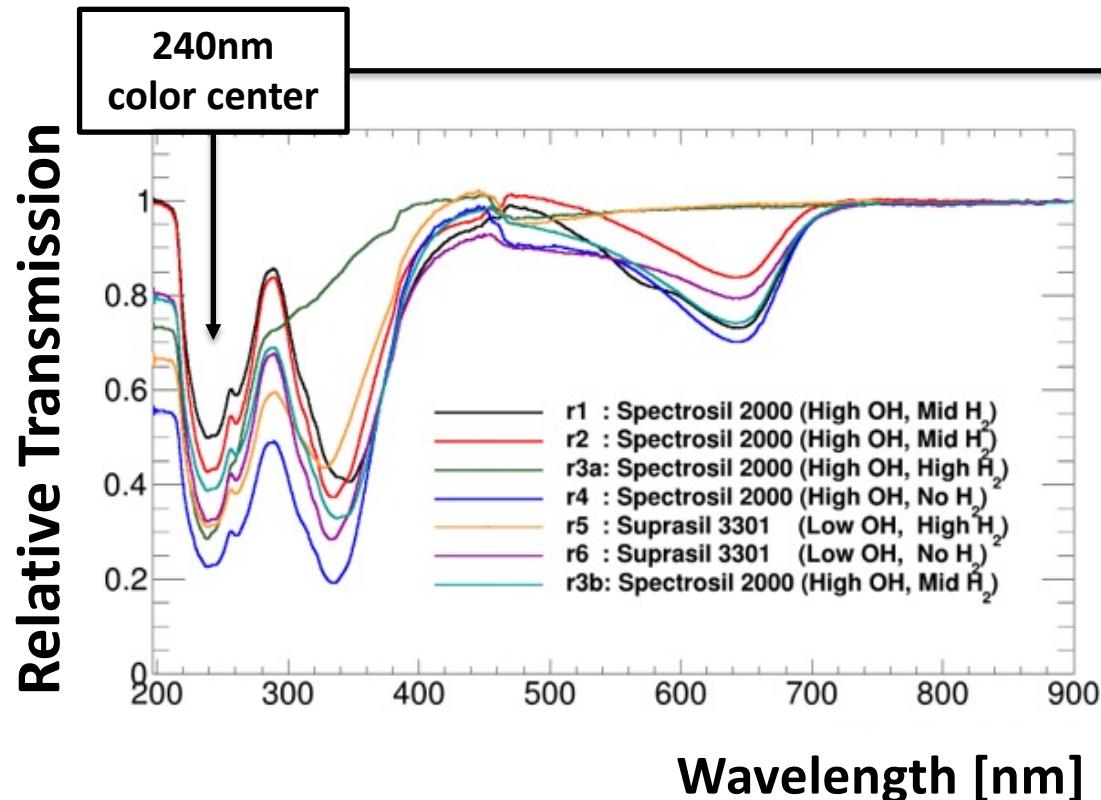
# Fused Silica Radiation Hardness

- Radiation hard fused silica rods used as Cherenkov radiator
  - Various fused silica rods irradiated by BRAN group in TAN during Run 2



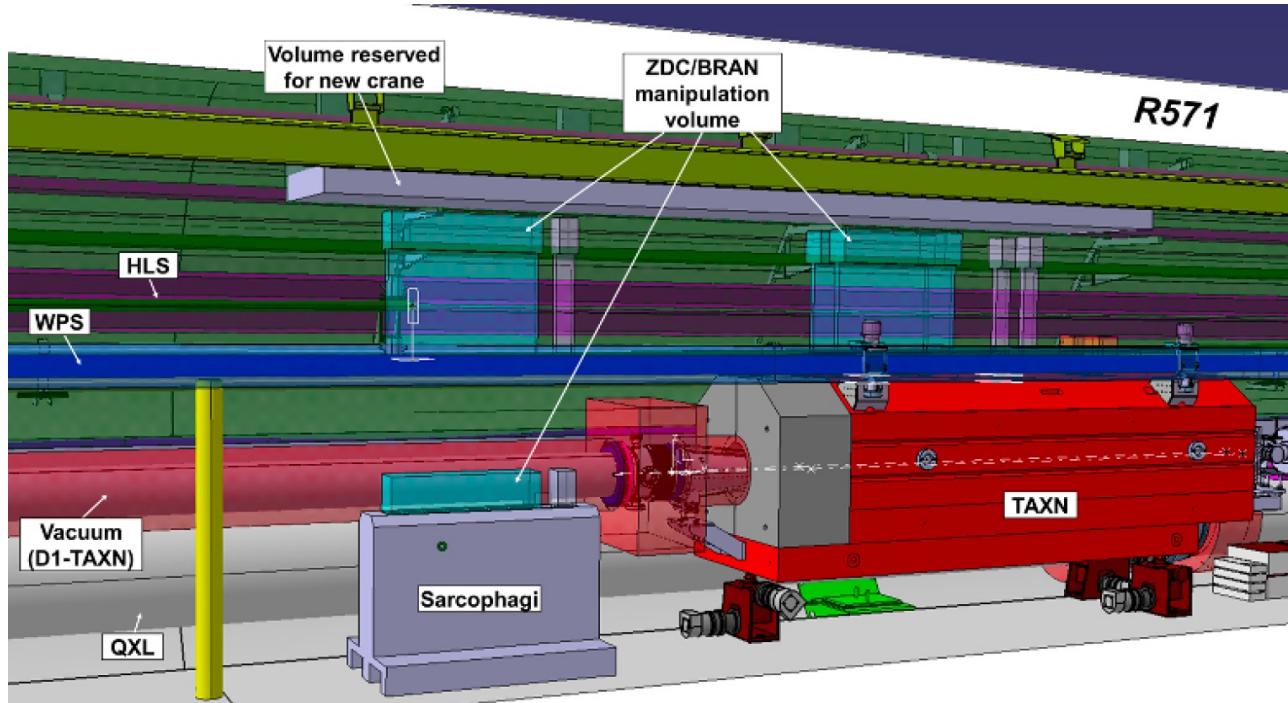
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# Things Not Covered

- PMT considerations
  - ❑ Radiation hardness, diameter, rising time
- LED gain monitoring system
  - ❑ Online calibrations
- HL-LHC integration
  - ❑ Installation, RP
- Experiment integration
  - ❑ Readout, DAQ, DCS, monitoring
  - ❑ Software



# Summary

- ZDC is important to overall Heavy Ion program at LHC
  - Better energy resolution and  $\gamma/n$  separation
  - Reaction Plane Detector for neutron orientation measurement
- Radiation hard and compact ZDC design for HL-LHC
  - Radiation tolerance for increased luminosity in Run 4
  - Compatible with TAXN modification
- Beam tests
  - 2018, 2019, 2021
- Well defined schedule